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Application Number	:	200304008-6
Applicant(s) / Proprietor(s) of Patent	:	WIRELESS INTELLECT LABS PTE LTD
Title of Invention	:	SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ACCESSING MOBILE DATA DEVICES

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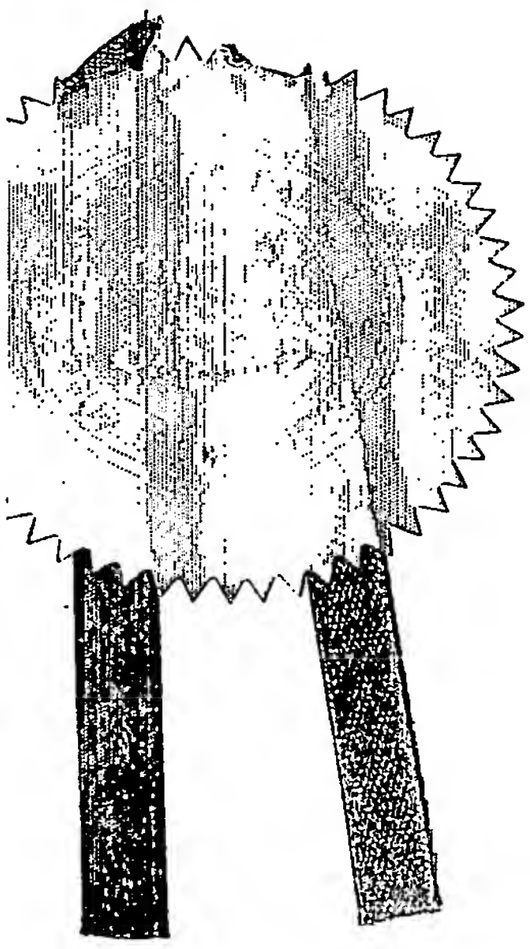
Sandra Lynn Merinda (Ms)
Assistant Registrar
for REGISTRAR OF PATENTS
SINGAPORE

11 Jun 2004



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PATENTS FORM 1
Patents Act
(Cap. 221)
Patents Rules
Rule 19

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFICE OF SINGAPORE

REQUEST FOR THE GRANT OF A PATENT UNDER SECTION 25

101101

* denotes mandatory fields

1. YOUR REFERENCE*

1335.P002/ADR/fmy

2. TITLE OF INVENTION*

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ACCESSING MOBILE DATA DEVICES

3. DETAILS OF APPLICANT(S)* (see note 3)

Number of applicant(s): 1

(A) Name: WIRELESS INTELLECT LABS PTE LTD

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SINGAPORE 609928

State: SG

Country: SG

[X] For corporate applicant

State of incorporation: SG

Country of incorporation: SG

[ ] For individual applicant

State of residency:

Country of residency:

[ ] For others (please specify in the box provided below)

(B) Name:

Address:

State:

Country:

☐ For corporate applicant

State of incorporation

Country of incorporation

☐ For individual applicant

State of residency

Country of residency

☐ For others (please specify in the box provided below)

(C) Name

Address

State

Country

☐ For corporate applicant

State of incorporation

Country of incorporation

☐ For individual applicant

State of residency

Country of residency

☐ For others (please specify in the box provided below)

☐ Further applicants are to be indicated on continuation sheet 1

4. DECLARATION OF PRIORITY (see note 5)

A. Country/country designated

File number

Filing Date DD MM YYYY

B. Country/country designated

File number

Filing Date DD MM YYYY

☐ Further details are to be indicated on continuation sheet 6

5. INVENTOR(S)* (see note 6)

A The applicant(s) is/are the sole/joint inventor(s) Yes ☐ No ☒

B. A statement on Patents Form 8 is/will be furnished Yes [X] No [ ]

6. CLAIMING AN EARLIER FILING DATE UNDER (see note 7)

[ ] section 20(3) [ ] section 26(6) [ ] section 47(4)

Patent application number

DD MM YYYY

Filing Date

Please mark with a cross in the relevant checkbox provided below
(Note: Only one checkbox may be crossed.)

[ ] Proceedings under rule 27(1)(a)

DD MM YYYY

Date on which the earlier application was amended

[ ] Proceedings under rule 27(1)(b)

7. SECTION 14(4)(C) REQUIREMENTS (see note 8)

Invention has been displayed at an international exhibition. Yes [ ] No [X]

8. SECTION 114 REQUIREMENTS (see note 9)

The invention relates to and/or used a micro-organism deposited for the purposes of disclosure in accordance with section 114 with a depository authority under the Budapest Treaty.

Yes [ ] No [X]

9. CHECKLIST*

(A) The application consists of the following number of sheets

i.	Request	5	Sheets
ii.	Description	12	Sheets
iii	Claim(s)	4	Sheets
iv.	Drawing(s)	6	Sheet
v.	Abstract (Note: The figure of the drawing, if any, should accompany the abstract)	1	Sheets
Total number of sheets		28	Sheets

(B) The application as filed is accompanied by:

[ ] Priority document(s) [ ] Translation of priority document(s)

☐ Statement of inventorship & right to grant

☐ International exhibition certificate

10. DETAILS OF AGENT (see notes 10, 11 and 12)

Name

Firm LAWRENCE Y D HO & ASSOCIATES PTE LTD

11. ADDRESS FOR SERVICE IN SINGAPORE* (see note 10)

Block/Hse No. 30 Level No. 07 Unit No./PO Box 01

Street Name BIDEFORD ROAD

Building Name THONGSIA BUILDING

Postal Code 229922

12. NAME, SIGNATURE AND DECLARATION (WHERE APPROPRIATE) OF APPLICANT OR AGENT* (see note 12)
(Note: Please cross the box below where appropriate.)

☒ I, the undersigned, do hereby declare that I have been duly authorised to act as representative, for the purposes of this application, on behalf of the applicant(s) named in paragraph 3 herein.

Name and Signature

DD MM YYYY
03 07 2003

NOTES:

1. This form when completed, should be brought or sent to the Registry of Patents together with the rest of the application. Please note that the filing fee should be furnished within the period prescribed.

2 The relevant checkboxes as indicated in bold should be marked with a cross where applicable.

3. Enter the name and address of each applicant in the spaces provided in paragraph 3.
Where the applicant is an individual
- Names of individuals should be indicated in full and the surname or family name should be underlined
-The address of each individual should also be furnished in the space provided.
- The checkbox for "For individual applicant" should be marked with a cross.

Where the applicant is a body corporate
- Bodies corporate should be designated by their corporate name and country of incorporation and, where appropriate, the state of incorporation within that country should be entered where provided.
- The address of the body corporate should also be furnished in the space provided.
- The checkbox for "For corporate applicant" should be marked with a cross.

Where the applicant is a partnership
- The details of all partners must be provided. The name of each partner should be indicated in full and the surname or family name should be underlined.
- The address of each partner should also be furnished in the space provided.
- The checkbox for "For others" should be marked with a cross and the name and address of the partnership should be indicated in the box provided.

4. In the field for "Country", please refer to the standard list of country codes made available by the Registry of Patents and enter the country code corresponding to the country in question.

5 The declaration of priority in paragraph 4 should state the date of the previous filing, the country in which it was made, and indicate the file number, if available. Where the application relied upon in an International Application or a regional patent application e.g. European patent application, one of the countries designated in that application [being one falling under section 17 of the Patents Act] should be identified and the country should be entered in the space provided.

6. Where the applicant or applicants is/are the sole inventor or the joint inventors, paragraph 5 should be completed by marking with a cross the 'YES' checkbox in the declaration (A) and the 'NO' checkbox in the alternative statement (B). Where this is not the case, the 'NO' checkbox in declaration (A) should be marked with a cross and a statement will be required to be filed on Patents Form 8.

7. When an application is made by virtue of section 20(3), 26(6) or 47(4), the appropriate section should be identified in paragraph 6 and the number of the earlier application or any patent granted thereon identified. Applicants proceeding under section 26(6) should identify which provision in rule 27 they are proceeding under. If the applicants are proceeding under rule 27(1)(a), they should also indicate the date on which the earlier application was amended.

8 Where the applicant wishes an earlier disclosure of the invention by him at an International Exhibition to be disregarded in accordance with section 14(4)(c), then the 'YES' checkbox at paragraph 7 should be marked with a cross Otherwise, the 'NO' checkbox should be marked with a cross.

9. Where in disclosing the invention the application refers to one or more micro-organisms deposited with a depository authority under the Budapest Treaty, then the 'YES' checkbox at paragraph 8 should be marked with a cross. Otherwise, the 'NO' checkbox should be marked with a cross. Attention is also drawn to the Fourth Schedule of the Patents Rules.

10 Where an agent is appointed, the fields for "DETAILS OF AGENT" and "ADDRESS FOR SERVICE IN SINGAPORE" should be completed and they should be the same as those found in the corresponding Patents Form 41. In the event where no agent is appointed, the field for "ADDRESS FOR SERVICE IN SINGAPORE" should be completed, leaving the field for "DETAILS OF AGENT" blank.

11. In the event where an individual is appointed as an agent, the sub-field "Name" under "DETAILS OF AGENT" must be completed by entering the full name of the individual. The sub-field "Firm" may be left blank. In the event where a partnership/body corporate is appointed as an agent, the sub-field "Firm" under "DETAILS OF AGENT" must be completed by entering the name of the partnership/body corporate The sub-field "Name" may be left blank.

12. Attention is drawn to sections 104 and 105 of the Patents Act, rules 80 and 105 of the Patents Rules, and the Patents (Patent Agents) Rules 2001.

13. Applicants resident in Singapore are reminded that if the Registry of Patents considers that an application contains information the publication of which might be prejudicial to the defence of Singapore or the safety of the public, it may prohibit or restrict its publication or communication. Any person resident in Singapore and wishing to apply for patent protection in other countries must first obtain permission from the Singapore Registry of Patents unless they have already applied for a patent for the same invention in Singapore. In the latter case, no application should be made overseas until at least 2 months after the application has been filed in Singapore, and unless no directions had been issued under section 33 by the Registrar or such directions have been revoked. Attention is drawn to sections 33 and 34 of the Patents Act.

14. If the space provided in the patents form is not enough, the additional information should be entered in the relevant continuation sheet. Please note that the continuation sheets need not be filed with the Registry of Patents if they are not used.

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ACCESSING MOBILE DATA DEVICES

FIELD OF INVENTION

[001] The invention relates to an intermediate system for mobile data devices. Specifically, the invention relates to an improved access methodology and system that enables content requesters, whether on a mobile or fixed network, to access mobile data devices, including mobile cameras, mobile measurement and scanning devices, and other type of mobile content device, by way of an intermediate system.

BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

[002] Recent developments in mobile communication networks have resulted in increasing of bandwidth available to mobile device users. A classic example of such mobile devices are mobile phones which have become an essential implement in our daily lives. With this increase in bandwidth, it is now feasible for mobile device users to use their devices for data transmitting and receiving purposes, such as accessing pictures, sound, and video. PCs and other such communication devices have already been in use to access such data for some time.

[003] Presently, a new class of mobile data devices are emerging that can operate on a mobile network and can respond to content requests sent over the mobile network. Such mobile data devices could comprise any number of data collection devices which can accommodate data requests such as audio, video, ambient temperature, lighting, the presence or absence of chemicals, other environmental factors, or other forms of data content

[004] At present, these mobile data devices require a requestor to send their requests to be sent to the mobile data device's Mobile Station International Subscriber Device Number (MSISDN) or more often referred to as the "mobile

phone number". These mobile data devices then determine whether the requester has authorized access to the content that the mobile data device may deliver. The mobile data device checks the MSISDN of the requestor's mobile device and compares it with a look up table comprising authorized MSISDNs to determine if the requestor is authorized.

[005] A drawback of the abovementioned method is that a requester is required to know the MSISDN of each of the mobile data devices. This problem may be overcome by the requester storing the MSISDN of the mobile data device on his own mobile device (such as in a mobile-phone's phonebook / addressbook). However, this is a sub-optimal solution if a large number of mobile data devices are available, in which case the requester must store the MSISDN of each of those mobile data devices that he is interested in and must assign meaningful names to each mobile data device MSISDN so stored. Furthermore, he will need to continuously update this record as additional mobile data devices of interest become available to him, or as mobile data devices are removed, or if a mobile data device's MSISDN is changed for any reason.

[006] Another drawback of this system is that the requester currently sends a request to the mobile data device by using a Short Messaging Service (SMS) message. This becomes a concern if the requestor is not a mobile network user but is a fixed-line user.

[007] Another drawback of the aforementioned method is that there is no practical method provided for the requester to determine whether the mobile data device is actually available at the time of request. As a consequence, the user has no way of knowing whether his content requests can be responded to.

[008] Still another drawback of the aforementioned method is that memory capacity of these mobile data devices have so far been limited. This results in the mobile data device being able to store only a limited number of authorized requester MSISDNs. So, by way of example, if the mobile data device has a capacity of 20 authorized requester MSISDNs, then the mobile data device may

not be able to support any additional requester MSISDNs, resulting in the mobile data device being usable by only the 20 permitted requesters.

[009] As an alternative, the mobile data device may be accessible by all requesters, with no restrictions at all. This either-or scenario becomes a serious limitation, especially if the owner of the mobile data device intends to use the device for commercial purposes where, by way of example, he proposes to charge requesters for the right to access the mobile data device and where he proposes to limit access to a specific mobile data device to only those requesters who have paid or have indicated a willingness to pay for the right to access the mobile data device. This is an inherent limitation of such an approach and, despite falling memory prices and continuing memory miniaturization, will continue to be a drawback due to inherent size / storage / power trade-offs in a mobile data device.

[0010] Yet another drawback of the aforementioned approach is that as the MSISDN of the mobile data device must be known to a potential requester, the said requester may attempt to use this MSISDN for malicious purposes, such as continuous transmission of requests to the MSISDN of the mobile data device, thus making the mobile data device unavailable to other potential requesters, or making voice-calls to the MSISDN of the mobile data device and potentially similarly making the mobile data device unavailable to other potential legitimate users, and other forms of denial of service to other legitimate users, and also other forms of potential fraud.

[0011] Another drawback of the aforementioned approach is that as the mobile data device responds directly to the requester, through the mobile network, there is no specific provision for centralized logging of use for administrative analysis, marketing analysis, and the prevention or discouragement of immoral / improper use of a mobile data device.

[0012] Finally, another drawback of the aforementioned approach is that typical network configurations either do not permit mobile data requesters on one network to request data from mobile data devices on another network or do not permit the

responses from the mobile data devices on one network to be sent back to mobile data requesters on another network.

[0013] Hence, this clearly affirms a need for an improved access methodology, using an intermediate system for accessing mobile data devices, to address the foregoing disadvantages of conventional access methodologies and systems.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0014] The present invention relates to managing access of a plurality of mobile data devices connected to a network using an intermediate system.

[0015] Accordingly, in one aspect, the present invention provides a method for managing access to a plurality of mobile data devices connected to a network using an intermediate system; the method comprising the steps: registering a plurality of mobile data devices, each of the plurality of mobile data devices for provision of data therefrom, and being in communication with the intermediate system; generating a list of available mobile data devices in the intermediate system; receiving a data request from a data requestor; and providing a data response;

[0016] In another aspect of the invention, an intermediate system for managing access to a plurality of mobile data devices connected to a network, the intermediate system comprising: a registering means for registering the plurality of mobile data devices, each of the plurality of mobile data devices for provision of data therefrom, and being in communication with the intermediate system via the network; a generating means for generating a list of available mobile data devices in the intermediate system; a receiving means for receiving a data request from a data requestor; and a means for providing a data response.

Brief description of the drawings

[0017] Embodiments of the invention are described hereinafter with reference to the following drawings, in which:

[0018] FIG. 1 shows a flow diagram of a method for managing access for mobile data devices in accordance with the present invention;

[0019] FIG. 2 shows a system layout diagram for managing access for mobile data devices in accordance with the present invention;

[0020] FIG. 3 shows the steps of registering mobile data devices of FIG. 1;

[0021] FIG. 4 shows the steps of generating a list of available mobile data devices of FIG. 1;

[0022] FIG. 5 shows the steps of receiving a data request of FIG. 1; and

[0023] FIG. 6 shows the steps of an alternative embodiment of receiving a data request of FIG. 1.

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0024] A system and method for managing access to a plurality of Mobile Data Devices connected to a network using an intermediate system for addressing the foregoing problems is described hereinafter.

[0025] According to an embodiment of the invention, a system for managing in accordance with the present invention, as shown in FIG. 2, for implementing method 100 in accordance with the present invention is described with reference to FIG. 1.

[0026] Referring to FIG. 2, a system in accordance with the present invention comprises a first Network 21, a intermediate system 20, a plurality of data requestors 24, and a plurality of Mobile Data Devices 22.

[0027] The plurality of data requesters 24, the plurality of Mobile Data Devices 22 and the intermediate system 20 are interconnected over a Network 21. The Network 21 is a mobile cellular network which may operate on any of several known mobile cellular systems, non limiting examples of which are: GSM, GPRS, UMTS, and WCDMA.

[0028] There may be more than one Network, a non limiting illustration being an alternate Network 31 which similarly interconnects a plurality of alternate data requestors 34, a plurality of alternate Mobile Data Devices 24 and an alternate intermediate system 30. The present invention is not limited by number and different telecommunication providers using a variety of different protocols or transmission methods.

[0029] The alternate Network System 31 may be in direct communication with the Network System 21 or may communicate over a shared network such as the Internet. The alternate Network System 31 may also be in communication with the Network System 21 via their respective Intermediate systems 20, 30. The alternate Intermediate system 30 may be in direct communication with the Network System 20 or may communicate over a shared network such as the Internet.

[0030] Interaction between the plurality of Mobile Data Devices 22, the first plurality of data requestors 24, the intermediate system 20 and the network 21 are also similarly applicable to the alternate Network 31 and its interconnected devices.

[0031] The plurality of Mobile Data Devices 22 are wherefrom data originates. These Mobile Data Devices 22 may operate independently or under the control of the Intermediate System 20 which is connected to the Network 21. The plurality of

data requestors 24 would only access data from the first plurality of Mobile Data Devices 22 through the Intermediate System 20.

[0032] The plurality of Mobile Data Devices 22 may send and receive signals over the Network 21. The Mobile Data Devices 22 may require specific software or other customisation to enable the Mobile Data Devices 22 to communicate with the Intermediate System 20.

[0033] Referring to FIG.1, the method 100 in accordance with the present invention is for managing access to the plurality of Mobile Data Devices 22 by the plurality of data requesters 24. The method 100 starts with step 102 where the plurality of Mobile Data Devices 22 are first registered with the Intermediate System 20.

[0034] Next, a list of available Mobile Data Devices 22 is generated by the first Intermediate System 20 in step 104. The Mobile Data Devices 22 contained in the list of available Mobile Data Devices 22 are for the provision of data therefrom.

[0035] Following step 104, the receiving of a data request by the Intermediate System 20 occurs in step 106. In response to the data request, the Intermediate System 20 provides a data response to the data requestor 24 in step 108. The data request may be initiated by the data requestor 24 or may be initiated by an event, an example of which is a timer-based event. The data request may also be initiated by other external stimulus, non limiting examples of which are: motion detection, change in temperature, change in humidity, change in count, and input triggers from instruments or controllers.

[0036] Referring to FIG.3, the step 102 for registering the Mobile Data Devices further starts with the entering of registration data of the Mobile Data Devices 22 in step 120. This registration may be performed over the Internet by having an online form filled up where a unique name is assigned to each Mobile Data Device 22 and whereby a Mobile Data Device identifier, a non limiting example being the Mobile Data Device's MSISDN is assigned to this unique name. The Mobile Data

Device's MSISDN is used as a non limiting example of the Mobile Data Device identifier throughout the description. Alternatively, the registration may further be performed via WAP or by entry by a system administrator or authorized officer via a client-sever network. Yet in a further alternative, the Mobile Data Device identifier assigned to the Mobile Data Device 22 may be an International Mobile Equipment Identifier (IMEI) number or an IP address of the Mobile Data Device 22.

[0037] Upon the entry of the Mobile Data Device's 22 registration data, the Intermediate System 20 may conduct a verification of the registration data by performing a test to establish communication with the Mobile Data Device 22 using the registration data in a step 122. The verification may further comprise of determining if the Mobile Data Device's 22 MSISDN or IMEI or IP address are valid numbers or in a valid format.

[0038] Once the registration data has been verified as in step 122, the Mobile Data Device 22 is added to the list of available Mobile Data Devices 22 in step 124 and the registration data of the Mobile Data Device 22 stored in a database in the Intermediate System 20. In circumstances where verification of data as in step 122, may not be possible, the verification may be optionally skipped and the Mobile Data Device 22 added into the list of available Mobile Data Devices 22 as in step 124.

[0039] When entering the registration data of the Mobile Data Devices 22 in step 120, content description and content category of the data provided by the Mobile Data Devices 22 may also be registered. The content category can then be used to identify the type of data provided by each of the Mobile Data Devices.

[0040] The registration data can further comprise an access list which contains a list of authorized data requestors 24 who have access rights to specific Mobile Data Device 22. The access list may contain MSISDNs, email addresses or unique data requestor identifiers of the authorized data requestors 24. The data requestor identifiers may also comprise of IP addresses of the datat requestors 24.

[0041] The list of available Mobile Data Devices is updated on the registration of a new Mobile Data Device 22 or on the modification of registration data of a previously registered Mobile Data Device 22. In the step 104, the generation of the list of available Mobile Data Devices 22 may also include checking for the availability of Mobile Data Devices 22 as shown in step 130 of FIG. 4. In step 130, the Intermediate System 20 periodically checks the accessibility of the Mobile Data Devices 22, and based on the response, updates the list of available Mobile Data Devices in step 132.

[0042] The Intermediate System 20 provides a mechanism for requesters 24 to determine the list of Mobile Data Devices 22 available to them. The Intermediate System 20 receives the data request in step 106 which may be a request for the list of Available Mobile Devices 20 as in step 140 of FIG.5.

[0043] On receiving the request in step 140, the Intermediate System 20 determines the access rights of the data requester 24 by checking the data requester's 24 MSISDN or data requestor identifier and then looking up a list of Mobile Data Devices 22 available to the relevant data requester 24 in step 144. This list may also include some alternate Mobile Data Devices 32 that are available to the data requester 24 by way of the alternate Intermediate System 30. The Intermediate System 20 may then respond to the data requester 24 by sending a list of relevant Mobile Data Devices 22 to the data requestor in step 146 in a variety of ways, one of which could be via SMS.

[0044] The Intermediate System 20 may also receive requests from data requesters 24 for content from specific Mobile Data Devices 22 or alternate Mobile Data Devices 32 in step 106. Referring to FIG.6, the Intermediate System 20 receives a request for Mobile Data Device 22 content as in step 150, where the request may be made via SMS and contains the unique name assigned to the Mobile Data Device 20 wherefrom the content is desired. The Intermediate System 20 then proceeds to determine the MSISDN or the Mobile Data Device identifier of the specific Mobile Data Device 22 assigned the unique name.

[0045] In step 152, the Intermediate System 20 verifies whether the access rights of the data requester 24 to access content from the specified Mobile Data Device 22 and may also determine availability of the specified Mobile Data Device 22.

[0046] If the data requester 24 is authorized to access content from the specified Mobile Data Device 22 and if the specified Mobile Data Device 22 is available to transmit content, the Intermediate System 20 logs the request and instructs the specified Mobile Data Device 22 to acquire the required data and to send the required data to the data requestor 24 as in step 153. The format and the nature of the required data sent will depend on the specified Mobile Data Device's 22 capabilities, the nature of content, and the time-sensitivity required.

[0047] The Intermediate System 20 may further instruct the Mobile Data Device 22 to send the required data back to the Intermediate System 20 in step 154, and, in such a case, may also update the availability of the Mobile Data Device 22. In step 155, the Intermediate System 20 can then log the response of the Mobile Data Device 22 for administrative analysis or other purposes and may then forward the required data to the requester 24 using means most appropriate depending on the nature of content and the device capabilities of the requester 24. Any instructions pertaining to the specific content delivery mechanism may have been sent by the data requester 24 in the original request or stored in a requester profile in the Intermediate System 20.

[0048] If the Intermediate System 20 does not receive the response from the specified Mobile Data Device 22 within a predetermined period, the Intermediate System 20 may determine that the specified Mobile Data Device 22 is no longer available to receive data requests and may temporarily or permanently remove the specified Mobile Data Device 22 from the available Mobile Data Device list and may inform the data requester 24 regarding this lack of availability.

[0049] The Intermediate System for Mobile Data Devices 20 may instruct the specified Mobile Data Device 22 to directly transmit content to the requester 24, in

which case no content will be received by the Intermediate System 20 from the specified Mobile Data Device 22, no data from the specified Mobile Data Device 22 will be logged, and no update of the Mobile Data Device availability list will be performed.

[0050] The Intermediate System for Mobile Data Device 20 may instruct the specified Mobile Data Device 22 to transmit the requested content directly to the specified requester 24 and also to transmit the requested content back to the Intermediate System for Mobile Data Devices 20 for administrative analysis or other purposes.

[0051] The data requester 24 may request data of a particular content category or based on description keywords, without specifying any specific Mobile Data Device 22. The Intermediate System 20 will determine whether the requester 24 has access rights to content of the category or description specified.

[0052] Once the Intermediate System 20 determines that the specific requester 24 has the required rights, the Intermediate System 20 will then select any of the Mobile Data Devices 22 that offer content of the category or description requested by the requester 24 and are currently available to the requester 24, and may then follow steps 153, 154, and 155 as described earlier. If access is required from the alternate Mobile Data Device 32 on an alternate network 31, the Intermediate System 20 must first establish communication with the alternate Intermediate System 30 and will thence follow the method as described earlier. The alternate Intermediate System 30 will handle requests on behalf of the Intermediate System 20 to which the original requester 24 is connected.

[0053] The requester 24 may also request content from any one of a number of Mobile Data Devices 22 leaving the decision of the specific Mobile Data Device 22 to the Intermediate System 20. The Intermediate System 20 will select one of any of the Mobile Data Devices 22 that are currently available to the requester 24 and may then follow steps 153, 154, and 155 as described earlier. This selection process could be random or based on an alternative algorithm.

[0054] In all cases, the Mobile Data Devices 22 may send requested content to the Intermediate System 20 or to the data requester 24 via email. Alternatively, the Mobile Data Device 22 may send requested content to the Intermediate System 20 or to the data requester 24 via SMS or over WAP or other forms of data transfer.

[0055] The Mobile Data Device 22 may further make use of MMS (multimedia message service) to send requested content to the Intermediate System 20 or to the data requester 24. The precise mode used by the Mobile Data Devices 22 to send data either to the Intermediate System 20 or to the data requester 24 is dependent on the data transfer modes available to the specific Mobile Data Device 22 and the Intermediate System 20. It is also dependent on the capabilities of the specific Mobile Data Device 22 and the specific data requester 24.

[0056] The interaction between the alternate requesters 34, alternate Mobile Data Devices 32, and the alternate Intermediate System 30 is similar to the description above. If access is required from the alternate Mobile Data Device 32 on an alternate network 31, the Intermediate System 20 must first establish communication with the alternate Intermediate System 30 and will thence follow the method as described earlier. The alternate Intermediate System 30 will handle requests on behalf of the Intermediate System 20 to which the original requester 24 is connected.

[0057] In the foregoing manner, a system and method for managing access to a plurality of Mobile Data Devices connected to a network using an intermediate system is described in accordance to the present invention for addressing the foregoing disadvantages of conventional Mobile Data Device access methods. It will be apparent to one skilled in the art in view of this disclosure that numerous changes and/or modification can be made without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention.

CLAIMS

1. A method for managing access to a plurality of mobile data devices connected to a network using an intermediate system; said method comprising the steps

   a. registering a plurality of mobile data devices, each of said plurality of mobile data devices for provision of data therefrom, and being in communication with said intermediate system;

   b. generating a list of available mobile data devices in said intermediate system;

   c. receiving a data request from a data requestor; and

   d. providing a data response.

2. The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein said step a. further comprises the steps:

   i. entering registration data of said plurality of mobile data devices;

   ii. verifying said registration data of said plurality of mobile data devices; and

   iii. adding said plurality of mobile data devices to said list of available mobile data devices.

3. The method in accordance with claim 2, wherein said step i. may be performed over the Internet by having an online form.

4. The method in accordance with claim 2, wherein said step i. may be performed over the mobile network through a WAP-based form.

5. The method in accordance with claim 2, wherein said step i. may be performed over the mobile network through interactive SMS.

6. The method in accordance with claim 2, wherein said registration data further comprises a unique name assigned to each mobile data device identifier of each of said plurality of mobile data devices.

7. The method in accordance with claim 6, wherein said mobile data device identifier comprises: MSIDSN or IMEI or IP addresses of said mobile data device.

8. The method in accordance with claim 2, wherein said registration data further comprises content description of the data provided by said plurality of mobile data devices.

9. The method in accordance with claim 2, wherein said registration data further comprises content category of the data provided by said plurality of mobile data devices.

10. The method in accordance with claim 2, wherein said registration data further comprises an access list of authorized data requestors having access rights to a specific mobile data device, said access list containing MSISDNs, email addresses or unique data requestor identifiers of said authorized data requestors.

11. The method in accordance with claim 2, wherein said step ii. further comprises performing a test to establish communication with said plurality of mobile data devices using said registration data.

12. The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein said step b. further comprise the steps:

i. checking availability of said plurality of mobile data devices; and

ii. updating said list of available mobile data devices.

13. The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein said step c. further comprises the step:

i. receiving a request for available mobile data devices from a data requestor;

ii. determining access rights of said data requestor;

iii. looking up relevant mobile data devices available to said data requestor; and

iv. sending list of said relevant mobile data devices to said data requestor.

14. The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein said step c. further comprises the steps:

i. receiving a request for content from a specific mobile data device by a data requestor;

ii. determining MSISDN of said specific mobile data device;

iii. determining access rights of said data requestor and connection status of said specific mobile data device; and

iv. logging said request for content from said specific mobile data device.

15. The method in accordance with claim 14, wherein said step c. further comprises:

v. receiving response from said specific mobile data device containing requested content and optionally updating said list of available mobile data devices; and

vi. logging said response from said specific mobile data device and forwarding said requested content to said data requestor.

16. The method in accordance with claim 14, wherein said step c. further comprises:

v. transmitting said request to said specific mobile data device; and

vi. transmitting requested content to said data requestor by said specific mobile data device through said network.

17. The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein said step c. further comprises:

i. receiving a request for content from a content category by a data requestor;

ii. selecting one of said mobile data devices having said content category;

iii. determining access rights of said data requestor and connection status of said mobile data device; and

iv. logging said request for content from said specific mobile data device.

18. The method in accordance with claim 13 and claim 14, wherein said step d. may be initiated by said data request from said data requestor.

19. The method in accordance with claim 13 and claim 14, wherein said step d. may be initiated by a timer based event.

20. The method in accordance with claim 13 and claim 14 wherein said step d. may be initiated by an external stimulus such as, without limitation, motion detection, change in temperature, change in humidity, change in count, and the like.

21. An intermediate system for managing access to a plurality of mobile data devices connected to a network, said intermediate system comprising:

a registering means for registering said plurality of mobile data devices, each of said plurality of mobile data devices for provision of data therefrom, and being in communication with said intermediate system via said network;

a generating means for generating a list of available mobile data devices in said intermediate system;

a receiving means for receiving a data request from a data requestor; and

a means for providing a data response.

22. An intermediate system in accordance with claim 21, wherein said registering means further comprises:

an entering means for entering registration data of said plurality of mobile data devices;

a verifying means for verifying said registration data of said plurality of mobile data devices; and

an adding means for adding said plurality of mobile data devices to said list of available mobile data device.

23. An intermediate system in accordance with claim 21, wherein said verifying means further comprises:

a checking means for checking availability of said plurality of mobile data devices; and

an updating means for updating said list of available mobile data devices.

24. An intermediate system in accordance with claim 21, wherein said receiving means is adapted to receive a request for available mobile data devices or a request for content from a specific mobile data device.

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ACCESSING MOBILE DATA DEVICES

ABSTRACT

[0058] An intermediate system for managing mobile data devices is disclosed according to an embodiment of the invention. The intermediate system for accessing mobile data devices and the method for implementing thereof, allows data requesters on a network interconnected with a mobile network to which are connected mobile data devices to access content from these mobile data devices without knowing the MSISDNs or mobile data device identifiers of these mobile data devices and without individually monitoring the availability of these mobile data devices.

[0059] FIGURE 2 accompanies the abstract.

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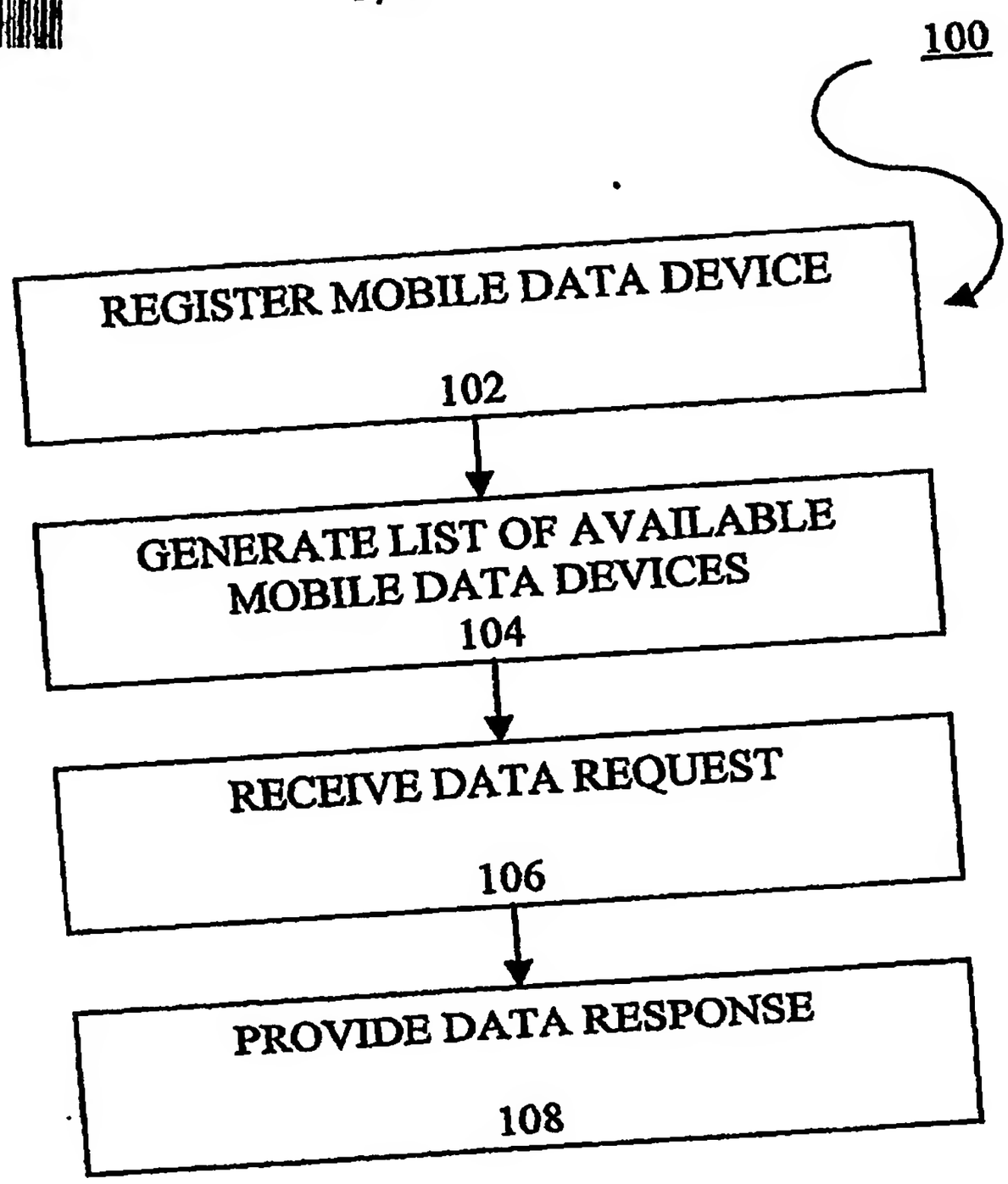

FIG. 1

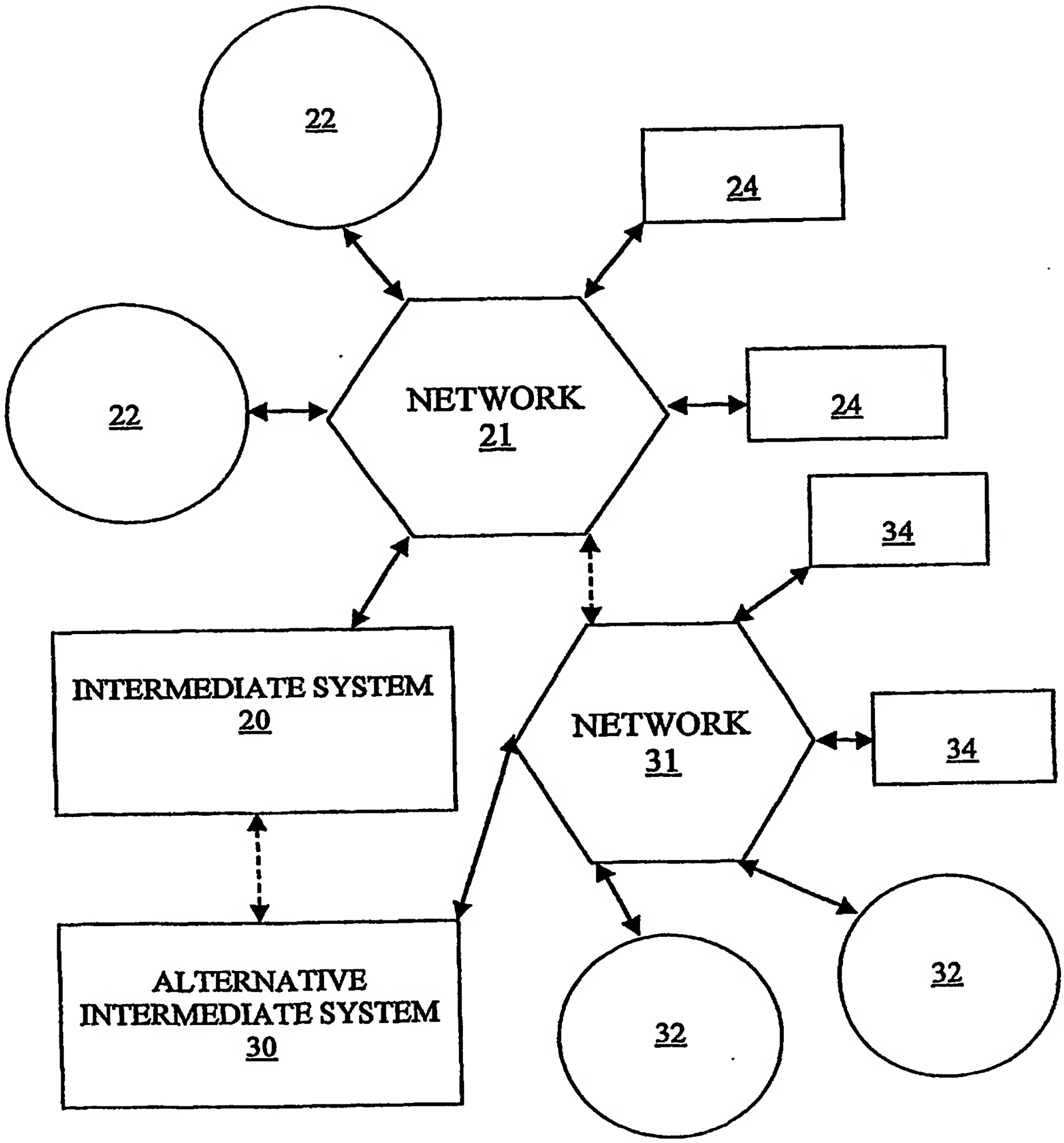
22
24
22
NETWORK
21
24
34
INTERMEDIATE SYSTEM
20
NETWORK
31
34
ALTERNATIVE
INTERMEDIATE SYSTEM
30
32
32

FIG. 2

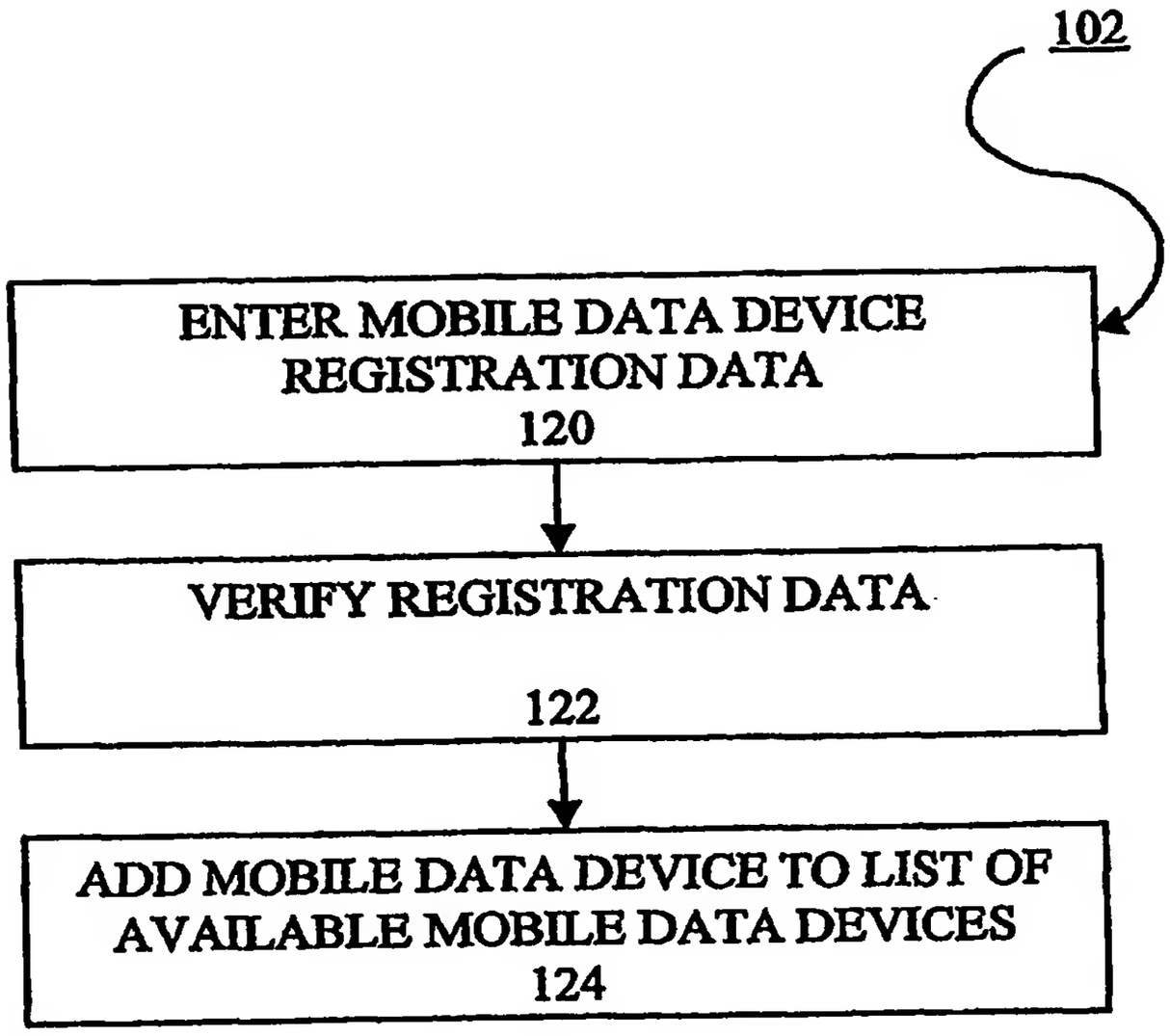
102
ENTER MOBILE DATA DEVICE REGISTRATION DATA
120
VERIFY REGISTRATION DATA
122
ADD MOBILE DATA DEVICE TO LIST OF AVAILABLE MOBILE DATA DEVICES
124

FIG. 3

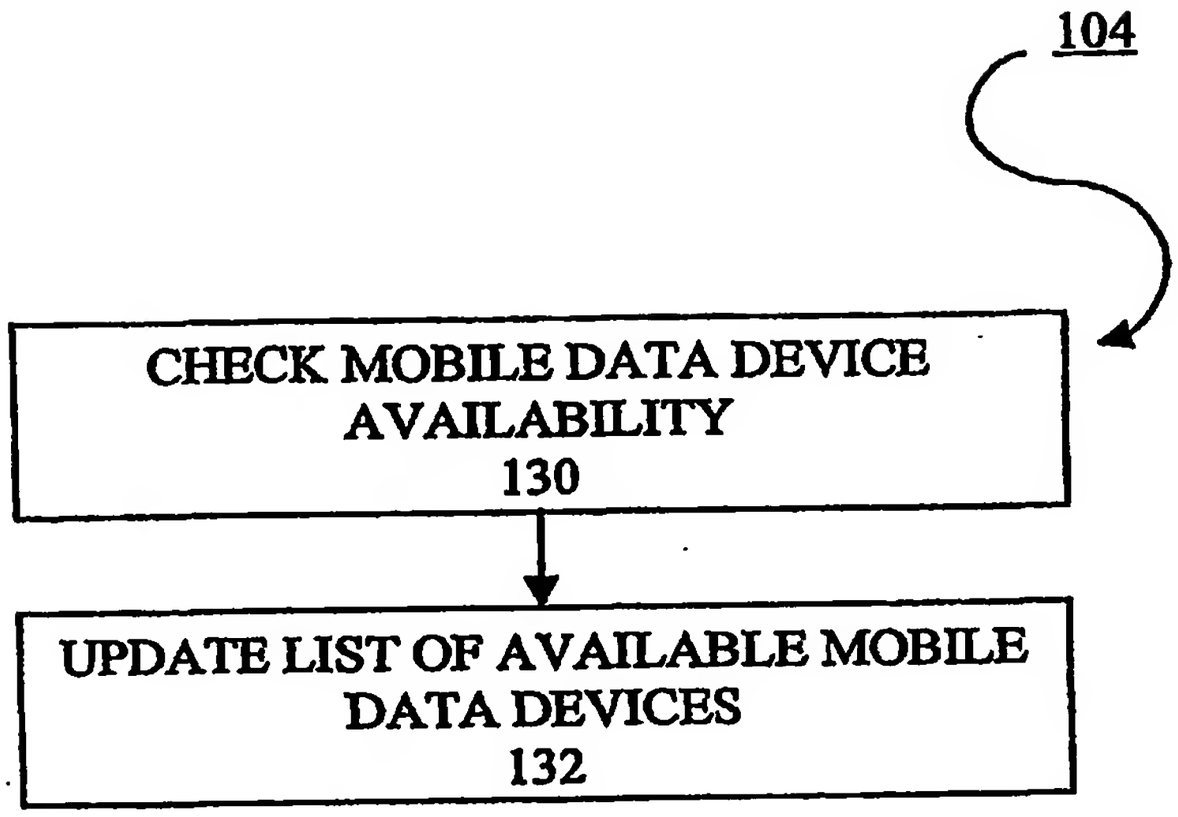
104
CHECK MOBILE DATA DEVICE AVAILABILITY
130
UPDATE LIST OF AVAILABLE MOBILE DATA DEVICES
132

FIG. 4

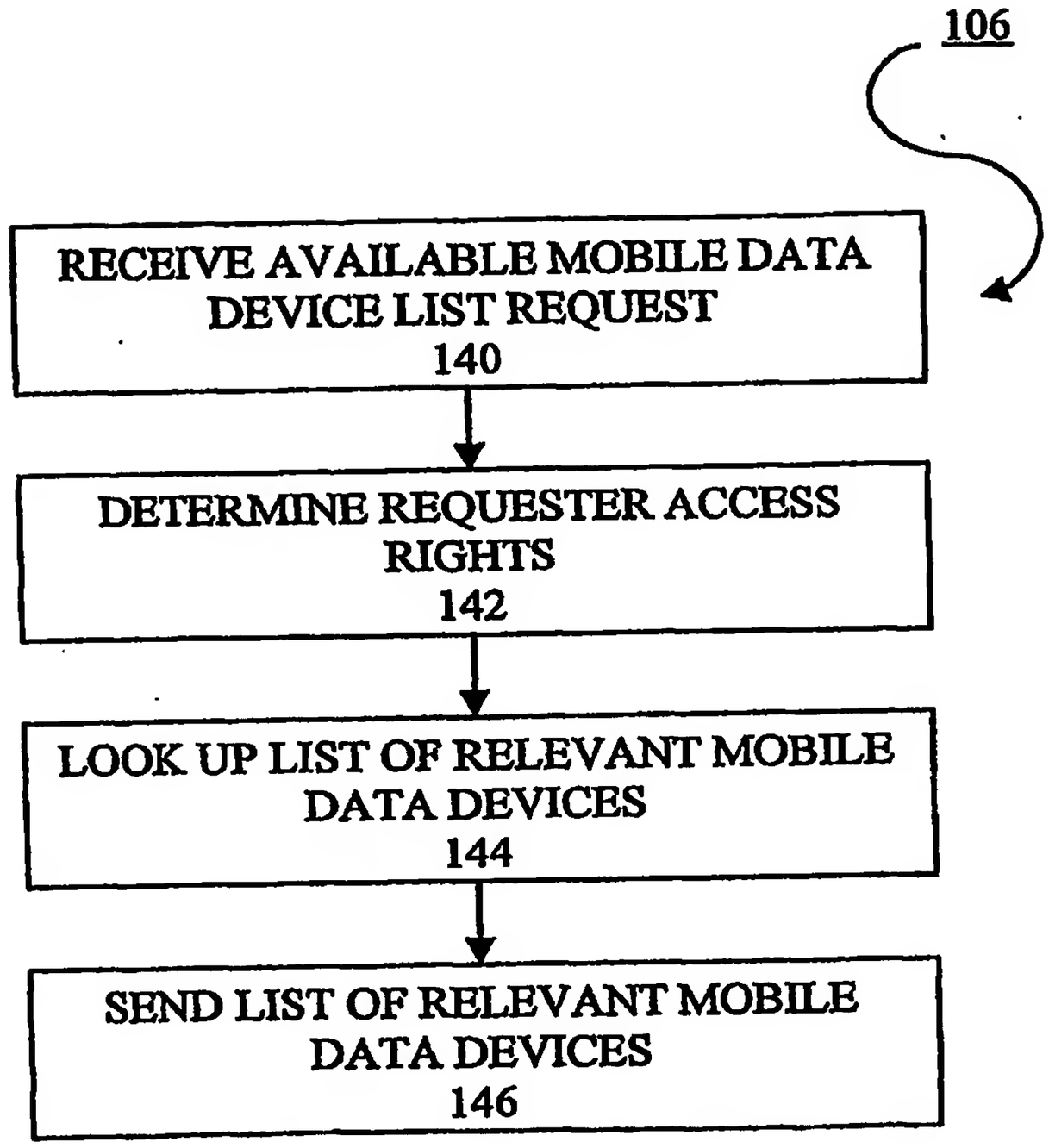
106
RECEIVE AVAILABLE MOBILE DATA DEVICE LIST REQUEST
140
DETERMINE REQUESTER ACCESS RIGHTS
142
LOOK UP LIST OF RELEVANT MOBILE DATA DEVICES
144
SEND LIST OF RELEVANT MOBILE DATA DEVICES
146

FIG. 5

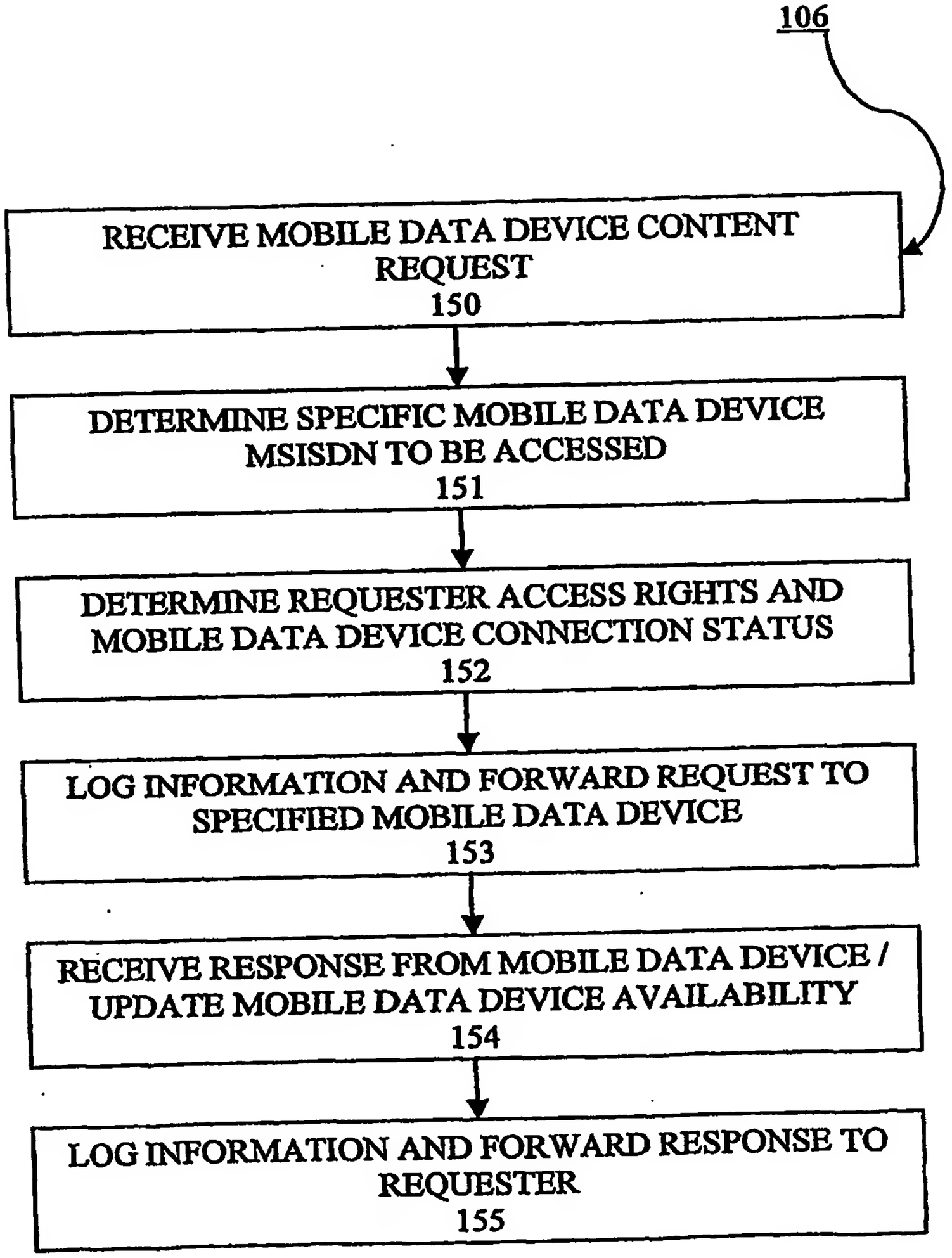
106
RECEIVE MOBILE DATA DEVICE CONTENT REQUEST
150
DETERMINE SPECIFIC MOBILE DATA DEVICE MSISDN TO BE ACCESSED
151
DETERMINE REQUESTER ACCESS RIGHTS AND MOBILE DATA DEVICE CONNECTION STATUS
152
LOG INFORMATION AND FORWARD REQUEST TO SPECIFIED MOBILE DATA DEVICE
153
RECEIVE RESPONSE FROM MOBILE DATA DEVICE / UPDATE MOBILE DATA DEVICE AVAILABILITY
154
LOG INFORMATION AND FORWARD RESPONSE TO REQUESTER
155

FIG. 6

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